#### § 48.9 Margin requirements.

- (a) Margin required. A national bank engaging, or offering to engage, in retail forex transactions must collect from each retail forex customer an amount of margin not less than:
- (1) Two percent of the notional value of the retail forex transaction for major currency pairs and 5 percent of the notional value of the retail forex transaction for all other currency pairs;
- (2) For short options, 2 percent for major currency pairs and 5 percent for all other currency pairs of the notional value of the retail forex transaction, plus the premium received by the retail forex customer; or
- (3) For long options, the full premium charged and received by the national bank.
- (b)(1) Form of margin. Margin collected under paragraph (a) of this section or pledged by a retail forex customer for retail forex transactions must be in the form of cash or the following financial instruments:
- (i) Obligations of the United States and obligations fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States:
- (ii) General obligations of any State or of any political subdivision thereof;
- (iii) General obligations issued or guaranteed by any enterprise, as defined in 12 U.S.C. 4502(10);
- (iv) Certificates of deposit issued by an insured depository institution, as defined in section 3(c)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(c)(2));
  - (v) Commercial paper;
  - (vi) Corporate notes or bonds;
- (vii) General obligations of a sovereign nation:
- (viii) Interests in money market mutual funds; and
- (ix) Such other financial instruments as the OCC deems appropriate.
- (2) *Haircuts*. A national bank must establish written policies and procedures that include:
- (i) Haircuts for noncash margin collected under this section; and
- (ii) Annual evaluation, and, if appropriate, modification, of the haircuts.
- (c) Separate margin account. Margin collected by the national bank from a retail forex customer for retail forex

- transactions or pledged by a retail forex customer for retail forex transactions must be placed into a separate account.
- (d) Margin calls; liquidation of position—(1) For each retail forex customer, at least once per day, a national bank must:
- (i) Mark the value of the retail forex customer's open retail forex positions to market;
- (ii) Mark the value of the margin collected under this section from the retail forex customer to market; and
- (iii) Determine whether, based on the marks in paragraphs (d)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section, the national bank has collected margin from the retail forex customer sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this section.
- (2) If, pursuant to paragraph (d)(1)(iii) of this section, the national bank determines that it has not collected margin from the retail forex customer sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this section then, within a reasonable period of time, the national bank must either:
- (i) Collect margin from the retail forex customer sufficient to satisfy the requirements of this section; or
- (ii) Liquidate the retail forex customer's retail forex transactions.
- (e) Set-off prohibited. A national bank may not:
- (1) Apply a retail forex customer's retail forex obligations against any funds or other asset of the retail forex customer other than margin in the separate margin account described in paragraph (c) of this section;
- (2) Apply a retail forex customer's retail forex obligations to increase the amount owed by the retail forex customer to the national bank under any loan; or
- (3) Collect the margin required under this section by use of any right of setoff.

# §48.10 Required reporting to customers.

(a) Monthly statements. Each national bank must promptly furnish to each retail forex customer, as of the close of the last business day of each month or as of any regular monthly date selected, except for accounts in which there are neither open positions at the

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end of the statement period nor any changes to the account balance since the prior statement period but, in any event, not less frequently than once every three months, a statement that clearly shows:

- (1) For each retail forex customer:
- (i) The open retail forex transactions with prices at which acquired;
- (ii) The net unrealized profits or losses in all open retail forex transactions marked to the market;
- (iii) Any money, securities, or other property in the separate margin account required by §48.9(c); and
- (iv) A detailed accounting of all financial charges and credits to the retail forex customer's retail forex accounts during the monthly reporting period, including: Money, securities, or property received from or disbursed to such customer; realized profits and losses; and fees, charges, spreads, and commissions.
- (2) For each retail forex customer engaging in retail forex transactions that are options:
- (i) All such options purchased, sold, exercised, or expired during the monthly reporting period, identified by underlying retail forex transaction or underlying currency, strike price, transaction date, and expiration date;
- (ii) The open option positions carried for such customer and arising as of the end of the monthly reporting period, identified by underlying retail forex transaction or underlying currency, strike price, transaction date, and expiration date;
- (iii) All such option positions marked to the market and the amount each position is in the money, if any;
- (iv) Any money, securities, or other property in the separate margin account required by §48.9(c); and
- (v) A detailed accounting of all financial charges and credits to the retail forex customer's retail forex accounts during the monthly reporting period, including: Money, securities, or property received from or disbursed to such customer; realized profits and losses; premiums and mark-ups; and fees, charges, and commissions.
- (b) Confirmation statement. Each national bank must, not later than the next business day after any retail forex transaction, send:

- (1) To each retail forex customer, a written confirmation of each retail forex transaction caused to be executed by it for the customer, including offsetting transactions executed during the same business day and the rollover of an open retail forex transaction to the next business day;
- (2) To each retail forex customer engaging in forex option transactions, a written confirmation of each forex option transaction, containing at least the following information:
- (i) The retail forex customer's account identification number;
- (ii) A separate listing of the actual amount of the premium, as well as each markup thereon, if applicable, and all other commissions, costs, fees, and other charges incurred in connection with the forex option transaction;
  - (iii) The strike price;
- (iv) The underlying retail forex transaction or underlying currency;
- (v) The final exercise date of the forex option purchased or sold; and
- (vi) The date that the forex option transaction was executed.
- (3) To each retail forex customer engaging in forex option transactions, upon the expiration or exercise of any option, a written confirmation statement thereof, which statement must include the date of such occurrence, a description of the option involved, and, in the case of exercise, the details of the retail forex or physical currency position that resulted therefrom including, if applicable, the final trading date of the retail forex transaction underlying the option.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this section, a retail forex transaction that is caused to be executed for a pooled investment vehicle that engages in retail forex transactions need be confirmed only to the operator of such pooled investment vehicle.
- (d) Controlled accounts. With respect to any account controlled by any person other than the retail forex customer for whom such account is carried, each national bank must promptly furnish in writing to such other person the information required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

(e) Introduced accounts. Each statement provided pursuant to the provisions of this section must, if applicable, show that the account for which the national bank was introduced by an introducing broker and the name of the introducing broker.

#### §48.11 Unlawful representations.

- (a) No implication or representation of limiting losses. No national bank engaged in retail foreign exchange transactions or its IAPs may imply or represent that it will, with respect to any retail customer forex account, for or on behalf of any person:
- (1) Guarantee such person or account against loss:
- (2) Limit the loss of such person or account; or
- (3) Not call for or attempt to collect margin as established for retail forex customers.
- (b) No implication of representation of engaging in prohibited acts. No national bank or its IAPs may in any way imply or represent that it will engage in any of the acts or practices described in paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) No Federal government endorsement. No national bank or its IAPs may represent or imply in any manner whatsoever that any retail forex transaction or retail forex product has been sponsored, recommended, or approved by the OCC, the Federal government, or any agency thereof.
- (d) Assuming or sharing of liability from bank error. This section does not prevent a national bank from assuming or sharing in the losses resulting from the national bank's error or mishandling of a retail forex transaction.
- (e) Certain guaranties unaffected. This section does not affect any guarantee entered into prior to the effective date of this part, but this section does apply to any extension, modification, or renewal thereof entered into after such date.

### §48.12 Authorization to trade.

(a) Specific authorization required. No national bank may directly or indirectly effect a retail forex transaction for the account of any retail forex customer unless, before the retail forex transaction occurs, the retail forex customer specifically authorized the

- national bank to effect the retail forex transaction.
- (b) Requirements for specific authorization. A retail forex transaction is "specifically authorized" for purposes of this section if the retail forex customer specifies:
- (1) The precise retail forex transaction to be effected;
- (2) The exact amount of the foreign currency to be purchased or sold; and
- (3) In the case of an option, the identity of the foreign currency or contract that underlies the option.

## §48.13 Trading and operational standards.

- (a) Internal rules, procedures, and controls required. A national bank engaging in retail forex transactions must establish and implement internal policies, procedures, and controls designed, at a minimum, to:
- (1) Ensure, to the extent reasonable, that each retail forex transaction that is executable at or near the price that the national bank has quoted to the retail forex customer is entered for execution before any retail forex transaction for:
  - (i) A proprietary account;
- (ii) An account for which a related person may originate orders without the prior specific consent of the account owner, if the related person has gained knowledge of the retail forex customer's order prior to the transmission of an order for a proprietary account;
- (iii) An account in which a related person has an interest, if the related person has gained knowledge of the retail forex customer's order prior to the transmission of an order for a proprietary account; or
- (iv) An account in which a related person may originate orders without the prior specific consent of the account owner, if the related person has gained knowledge of the retail forex customer's order prior to the transmission of an order for a proprietary account:
- (2) Prevent national-bank related persons from placing orders, directly or indirectly, with another person in a manner designed to circumvent the provisions of paragraph (a)(1) of this section; and